

# Effect of Prosthetic Foot-type and Walking Velocity on Vertical Ground Reaction Forces in Individuals with Transtibial Amputations

**Smita Rao, H. John Yack P.T., Ph.D., Miao-Ju Hsu,  
Ruchika Chandran, David Nielsen P.T., Ph.D.**

**Graduate Program in Physical Therapy and Rehabilitation  
Science, The University of Iowa**



# Effect of Prosthetic foot design:

- 1. Effect of prosthetic foot design on loading characteristics of the involved limb
- 2. Effect of prosthetic foot design on loading characteristics of the sound limb
- 3. Differential loading of the sound and involved limb



# Effect of Walking Velocity:

- 1. Walking velocity influences peak forces and loading rates
- 2. Most studies done at ‘self-selected walking velocity’
- 3. Wide variation:
  - SACH: 66.9 - 90.2 m/min (2.50 - 2.60 mph)
  - Flexfoot: 69.3 - 102 m/min (3.38 - 3.82 mph)
- 4. Walking velocity as a confounding factor

## Purpose:

- To examine the effect of prosthetic foot type on vertical ground reaction forces characteristics, in the sound and the involved limb in individuals with transtibial amputation while controlling for walking velocity.

# Subjects:

- 8 male subjects
- Nonvascular unilateral transtibial amputation
- Duration since amputation: at least 1 year

	Age	Height	Weight
Mean $\pm$ S.D.	28.7 $\pm$ 3.4 years	1.74 $\pm$ 0.62 m	81.4 $\pm$ 11.2 kg

# Methods:

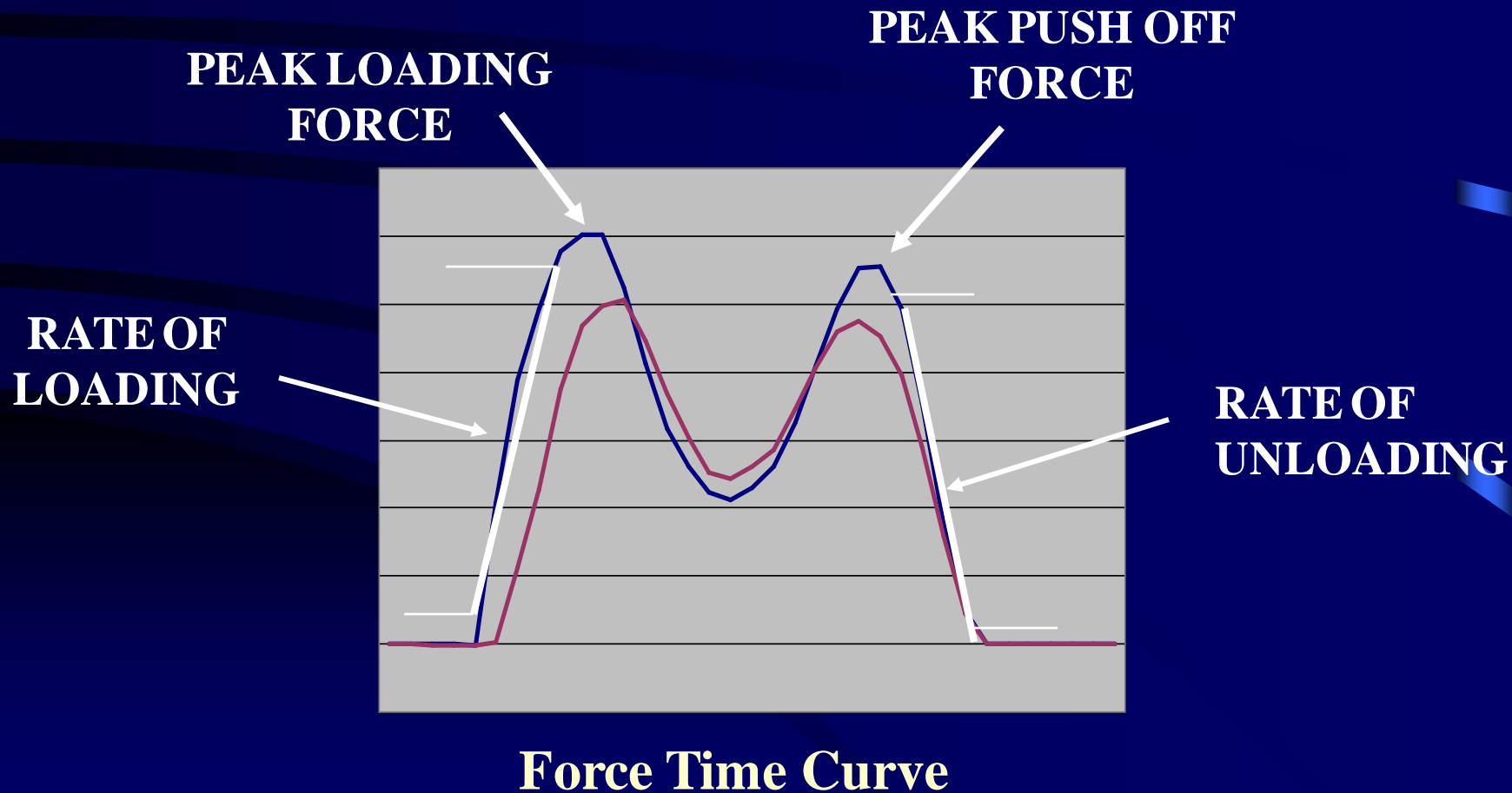
- 3 different prosthetic feet: SACH, OttoBock C-walk, Flexfoot
- Attached to the same socket, aligned by the same clinician
- 1 month to accommodate
- 3 testing sessions



**Kistler GAITWAY™**

# Data Acquisition:

- 30 second trial in the 4th minute of walking
- Sampling rate of 50 Hz
- Averaged over 15 strides



# Results:

	SACH	FLEXFOOT
SSWV	2.46	2.67

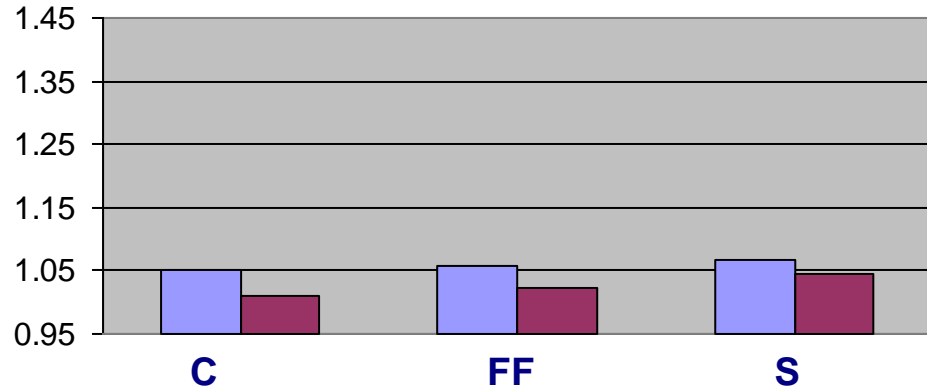
- Self Selected walking velocity

	SACH	FLEXFOOT	C-WALK
SSWV (MPH)	2.46	2.67	2.56

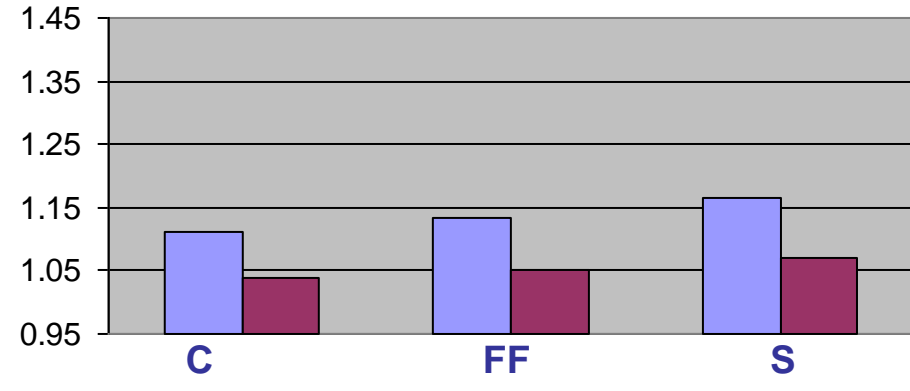
# Peak Loading Force

(Normalized to Body Weight)

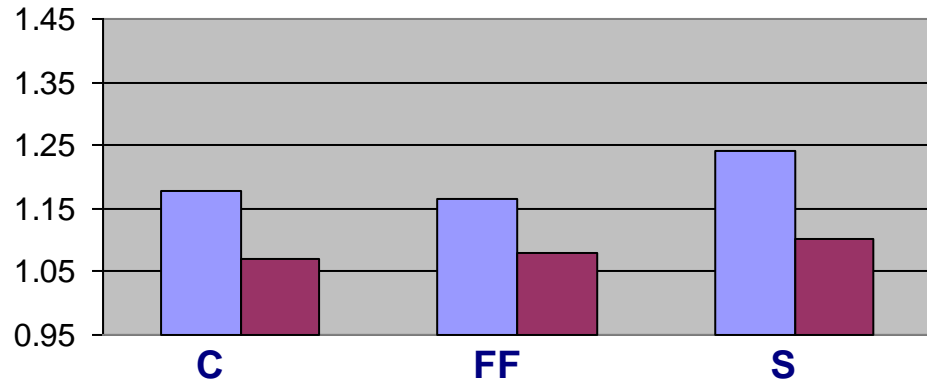
**2 MPH**



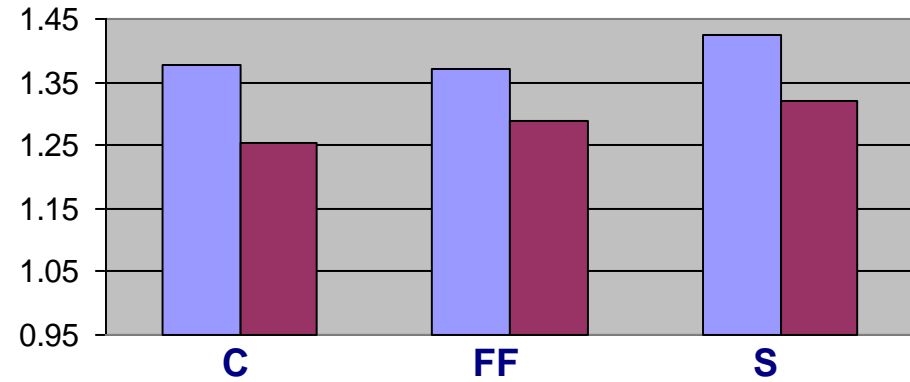
**SELF SELECTED WALKING VELOCITY**



**3 MPH**



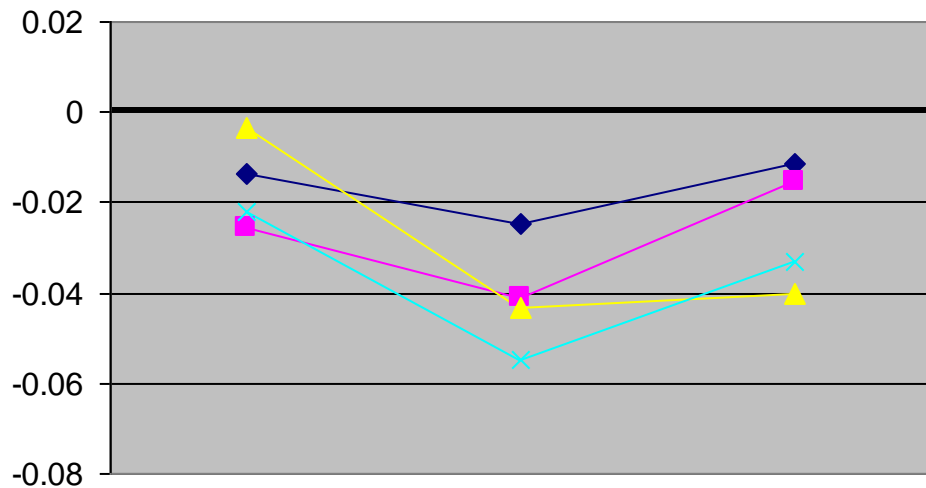
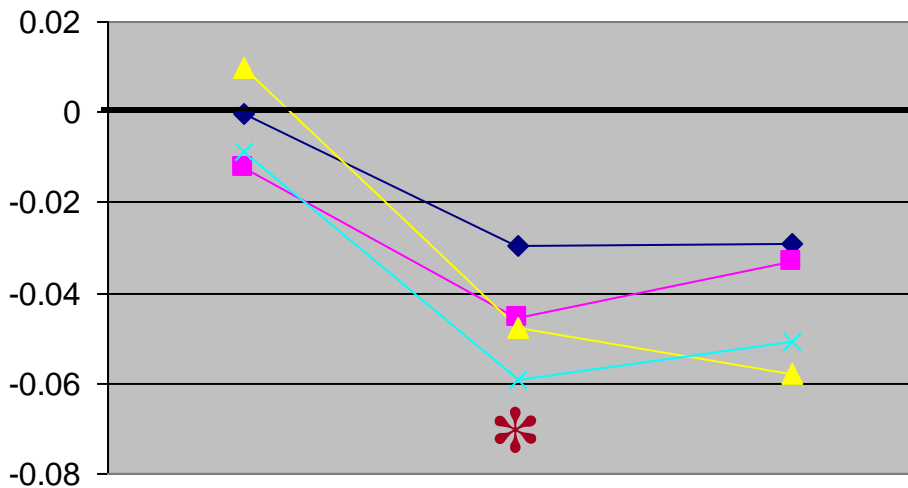
**4 MPH**



# Pair-Wise Comparison Between Feet (Normalized to body weight)

Sound Limb:

Involved Limb:



FF-C

FF-S

C-S

FF-C

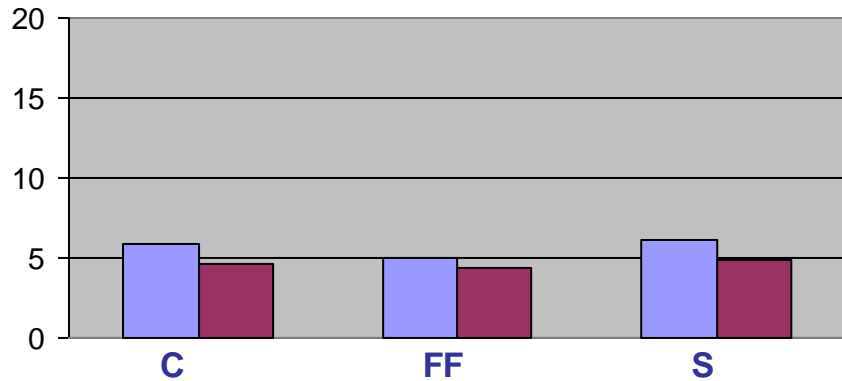
FF-S

C-S

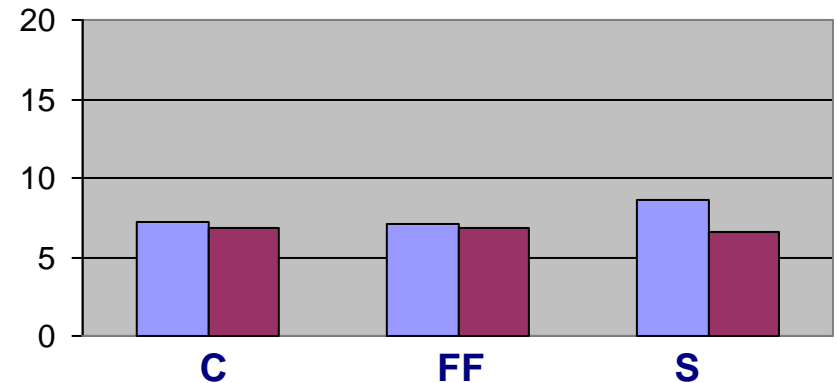
◆ 2    ■ sswv    ▲ 3    × 4

# Peak Loading Rate (Normalized to Body Weight)

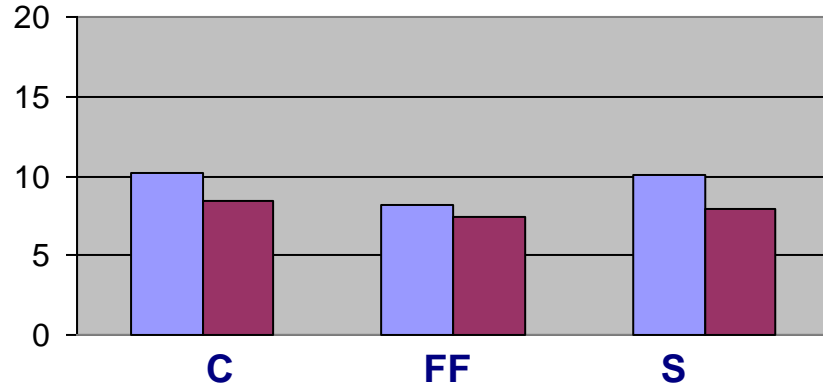
**2 MPH**



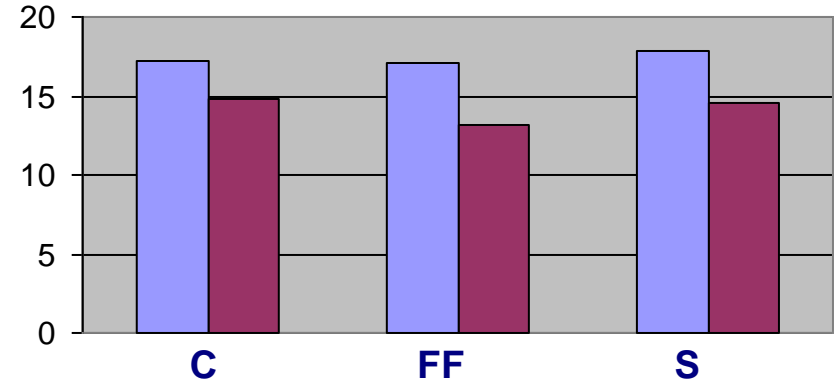
**SELF SELECTED WALKING VELOCITY**



**3 MPH**



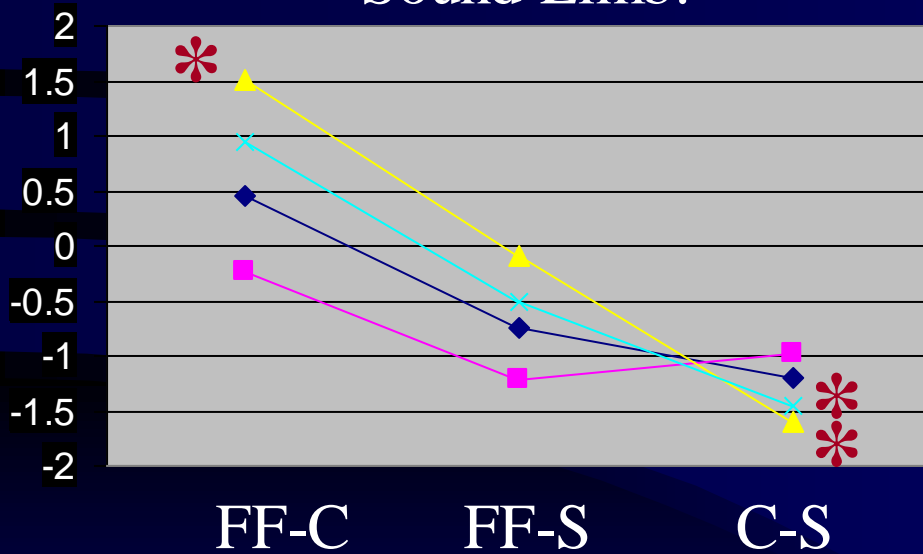
**4 MPH**



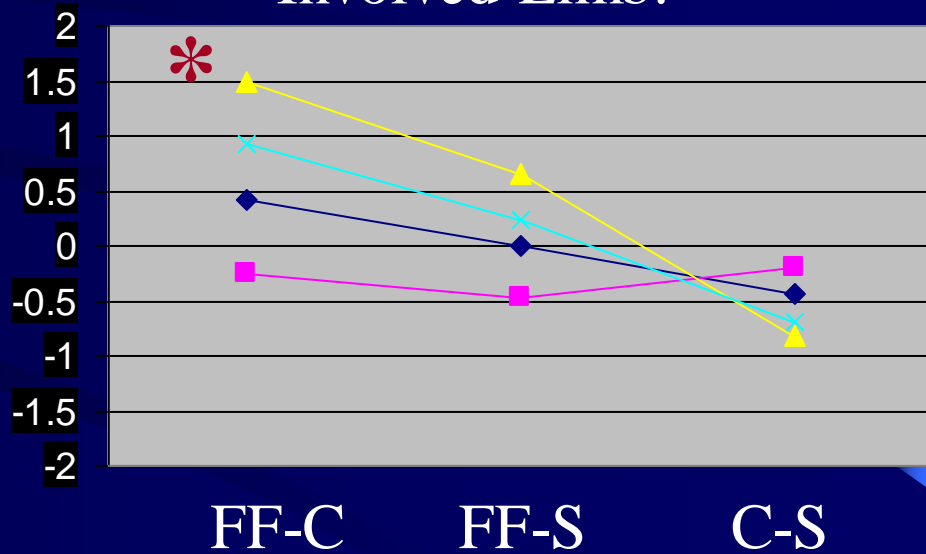
# Pair-Wise Comparison Between Feet

(Normalized to body weight)

Sound Limb:

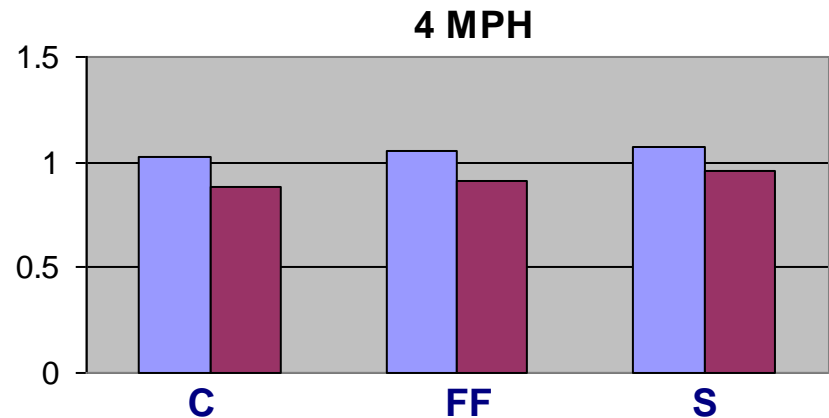
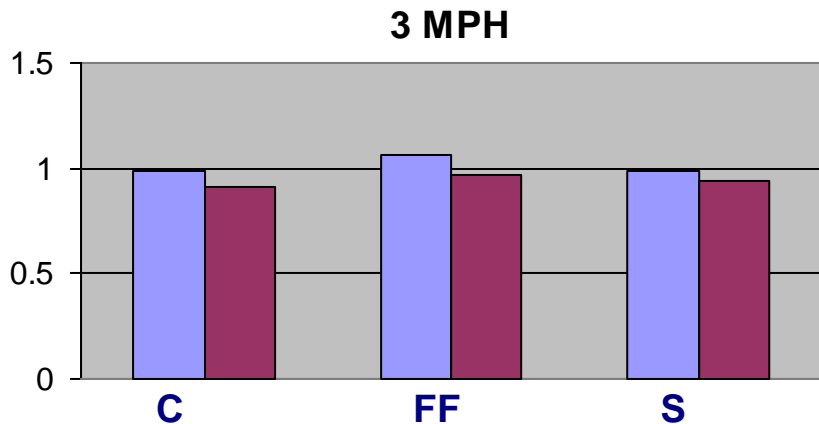
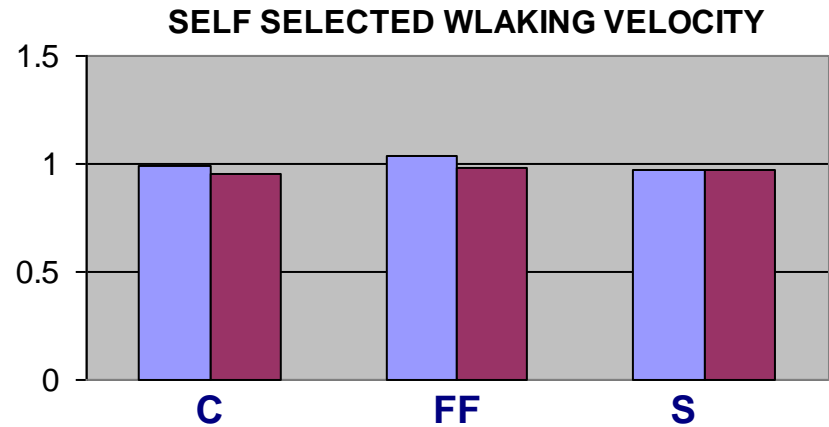
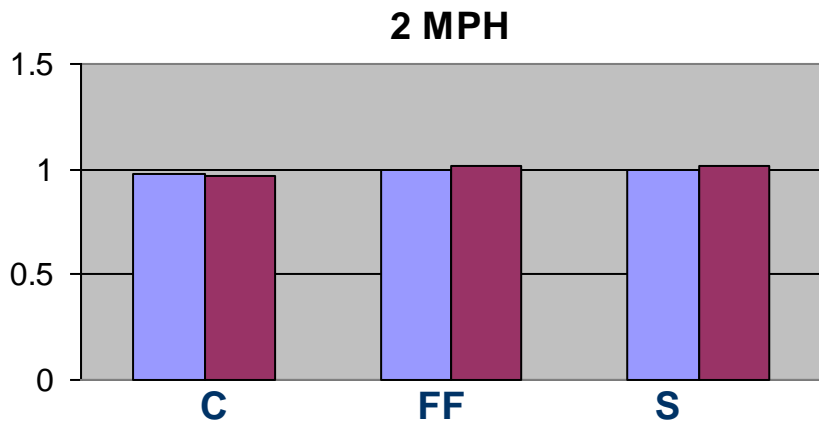


Involved Limb:



◆ 2    ■ sswv    ▲ 3    × 4

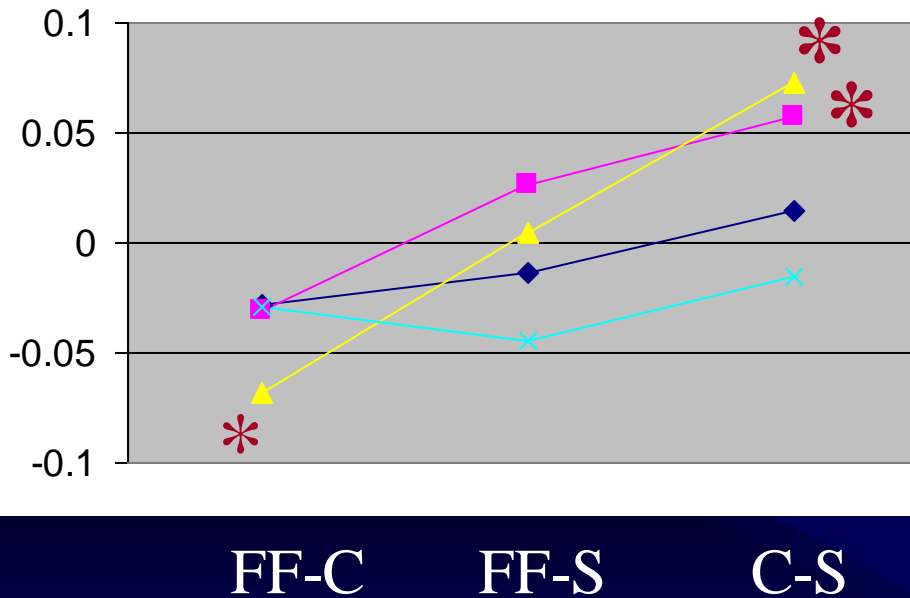
# Peak Push-off Force (Normalized to Body Weight)



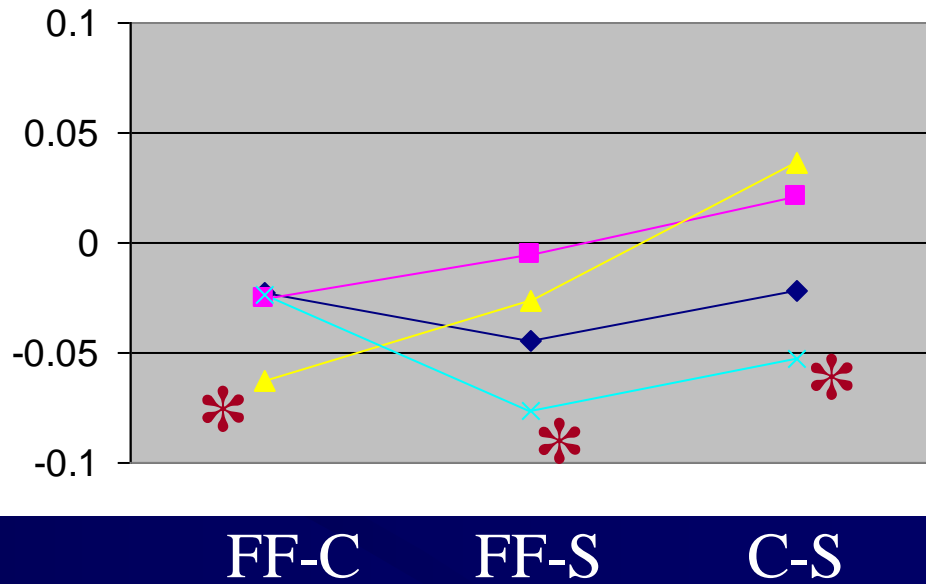
# Pair-Wise Comparison Between Feet

(Normalized to body weight)

Sound Limb:

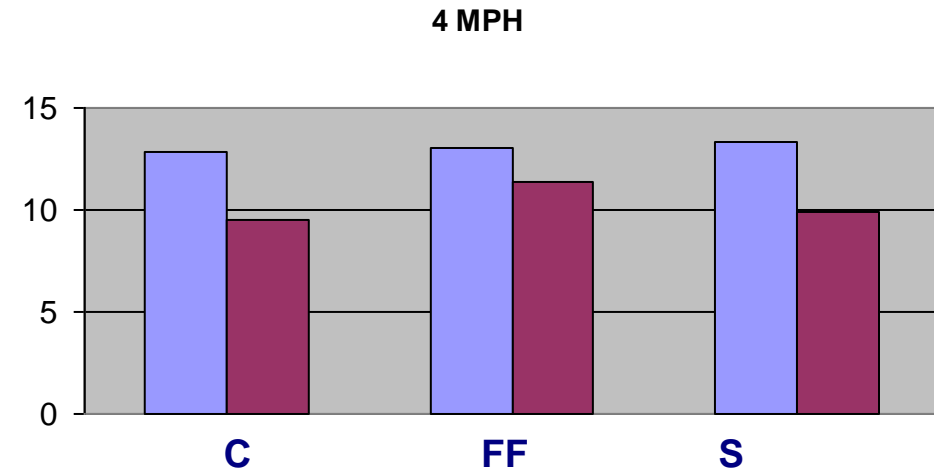
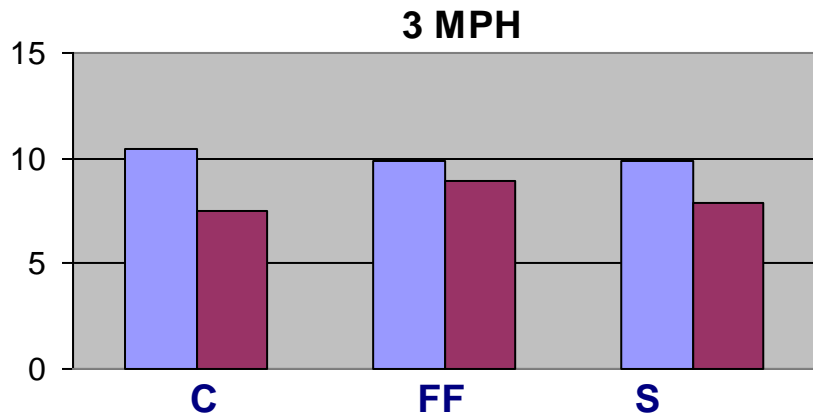
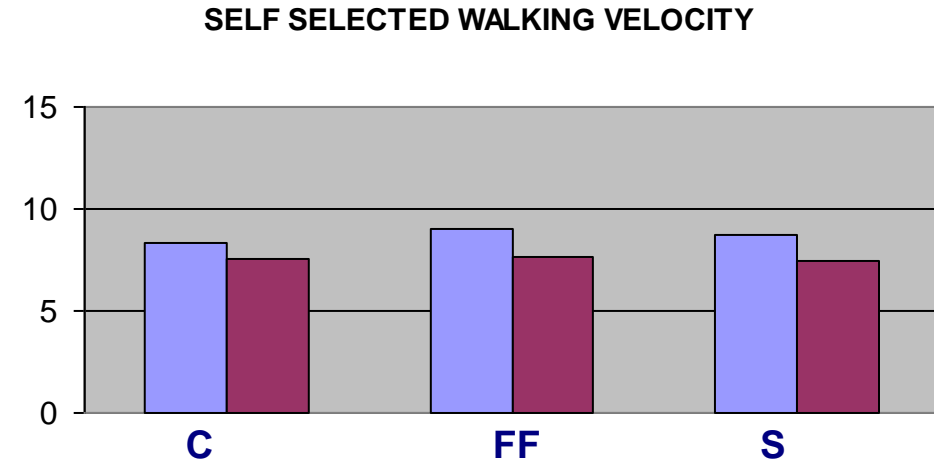
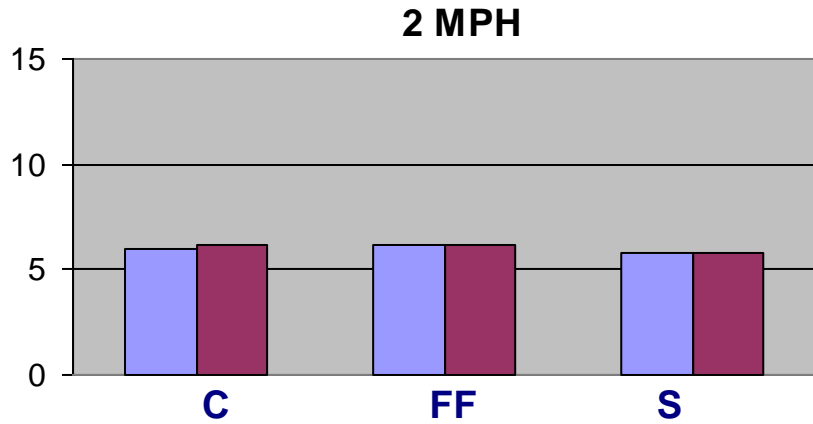


Involved Limb:



◆ 2    ■ sswv    ▲ 3    × 4

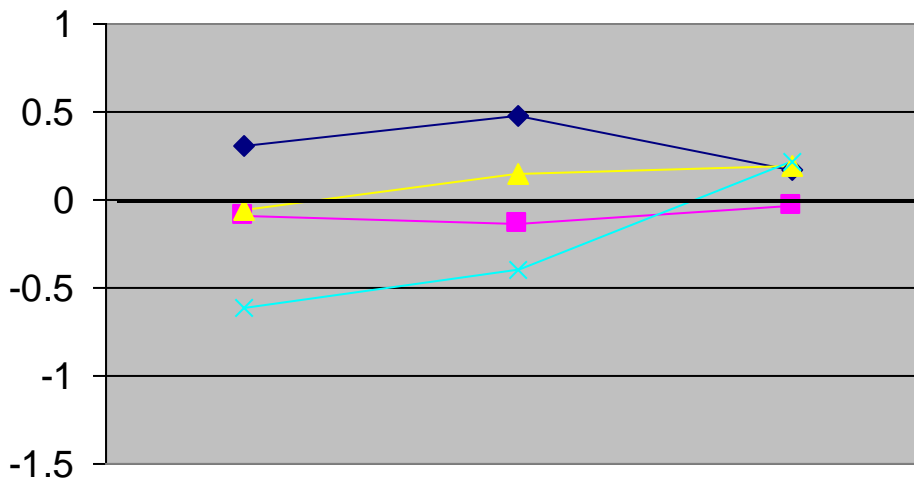
# Rate of Unloading (Normalized to Body Weight)



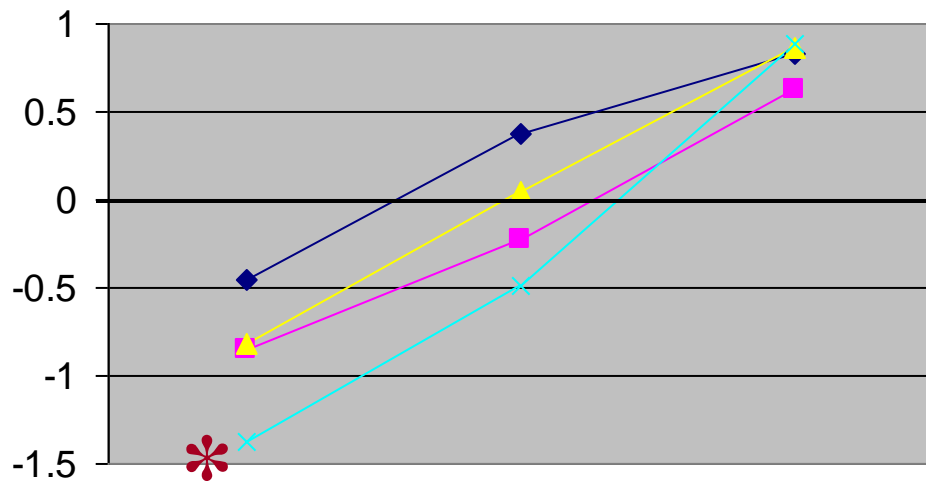
# Pair-Wise Comparison Between Feet

(Normalized to body weight)

Sound Limb:



Involved Limb:



FF-C

FF-S

C-S

FF-C

FF-S

C-S

◆ 2    ■ sswv    ▲ 3    × 4

# Summary and Conclusions:

- 1. Difference between Sound and Involved limb
- 2. Differential effect of Velocity
- 3. Effect of prosthetic foot design

	<b>SACH</b>	<b>FF</b>	<b>C-WALK</b>
<b>LOADING FORCE</b>	+++	++	+
<b>RATE OF LOADING</b>	++	+	+++
<b>PUSH OFF FORCE</b>	+++	++	++
<b>RATE OF UNLOADING</b>	+++	+	+++

# Acknowledgements:

Manufacturers of Flex foot and OttoBock  
C-walk for partial support